

# EXact-Cut™ KpnI Restriction Endonuclease

Catalog Number: EXNA021

Size: 2,000 Units

For Research Use Only. Not Intended for Diagnostic or Therapeutic Use.



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## Product Details

<b>Description</b>	EXact-Cut™ KpnI Restriction Endonuclease is engineered for high specificity, reduced star activity, and time saving DNA digestion in 5-15 minutes. To simplify experimental design using multiple restriction enzymes, our entire range of EXact-Cut™ restriction endonucleases are 100% active in our EXact-Cut™ buffer (included) and are optimized for single-tube reactions along with digestion and ligation protocols.	
<b>Restriction Enzyme Site</b>	5'...G GTAC↓C...3' 3'...C↑CATG G...5'	
<b>Unit Definition</b>	One unit is defined as the amount of enzyme required to digest 1 µg of λ DNA in 1 hour at 37°C in a total reaction volume of 50 µL.	
<b>Recommended Reaction Conditions</b>	1 x EXact-Cut™ Buffer Incubate at 37°C Refer to Protocol for reaction setup	
<b>Heat Inactivation</b>	1. Incubate at 80°C for 20 minutes 2. Add appropriate volume of 6X Gel Loading Dye, according to the reaction system	
<b>Components</b>	EXact-Cut™ KpnI (10 Units/µL) EXact-Cut™ 10X Buffer 6X Gel Loading Dye, Purple	2,000 Units 2 x 1 mL 1 mL

## Storage and Preparation

<b>Shipping</b>	Shipped on blue ice.
<b>Stability and Storage</b>	Store at -20°C for up to 24 months.

## Protocol

### Protocol for Rapid DNA Digestion

1. Add the following components on ice in the indicated order:

	Plasmid DNA	PCR Product	Genomic DNA
DNA	≤ 1 µg	≤ 0.2 µg	≤ 5 µg
EXact-Cut™ 10X Buffer	2 µL	3 µL	5 µL
ddH <sub>2</sub> O, make up to final volume indicated:	20 µL	30 µL	50 µL
EXact-Cut™ KpnI	10 Units	10 Units	30-50 Units

**Note:** DNA should be free of phenol, chloroform, ethanol, EDTA, detergents or high concentrations of salts. For compatibility with other common buffers, see the chart on page 2.

- Gently mix or flick the tube to mix (do not vortex), then immediately follow with a quick spin-down in a microcentrifuge.
- Incubate at 37°C for the indicated sample type: plasmid DNA (15 minutes), PCR product (15-30 minutes), or genomic DNA (30-60 minutes)
- Optional: inactivate the enzyme at 80°C for 20 minutes and add an appropriate amount of 6X Gel Loading Dye, according to the reaction system.

### Protocol for Multiple Digestion of DNA

- Use 10 Units of each enzyme and scale up to the reaction conditions accordingly.
- The combined volume of the enzymes in the reaction mixture **should not** exceed **1/10** of the total reaction volume.
- If the enzymes require different reaction temperatures, start with the enzyme requiring the lowest temperature, followed by the next enzyme(s) and incubate at the higher temperature.

**Note:** For total reaction volumes > 20 µL, the incubation time should be increased accordingly in a water bath.

## Number of Recognition Sites in DNA

λDNA	ΦX174	pBR322	pUC57	pUC18/19	SV40	M13mp18/19	Adeno2
2	0	0	0	1	1	1	8

## Methylation Effects on Digestion

Dam	Dcm	CpG	EcoKI	EcoBI
No effect	No effect	Impaired	No effect	No effect

## Activity in Common Buffers

	EXact-Cut™ Buffer	Takara QuickCut™ Buffer	Thermo Scientific FastDigest Buffer	NEB CutSmart® Buffer
Activity	100%	100%	100%	100%

## Application Notes

<b>Functional Test</b>	A 20 µL reaction in EXact-Cut Buffer containing 1 µg of λDNA (HindIII digest) and 10 Units of EXact-Cut KpnI incubated for 15 minutes at 37°C results in complete digestion as determined by agarose gel electrophoresis.
<b>Digestion-Ligation Test</b>	At the optimal reaction temperature, the DNA was digested using 10 Units of EXact-Cut KpnI and the digestion product was recovered. The DNA fragments were ligated using an appropriate amount of T4 DNA Ligase at 22°C. After the ligation product was recovered, it was able to be recut with EXact-Cut KpnI.
<b>Non-Specific Endonuclease Activity Test</b>	At the optimal reaction temperature, 10 Units of EXact-Cut KpnI was incubated in 20 µL reaction volume in EXact-Cut Buffer with 1 µg of supercoiled plasmid DNA for 4 hours. Undigested, supercoiled plasmid DNA was detected using agarose gel electrophoresis.
<b>Blue/White Screening Assay</b>	An appropriate vector containing the <i>lacZ</i> gene was digested using 10 Units of EXact-Cut KpnI. The digested product was ligated and transformed into <i>E. coli</i> cells plated on plates with X-Gal, IPTG and appropriate antibiotic. The successfully ligated <i>lacZ</i> gene expresses beta-galactosidase and gives rise to a blue colony, while an interrupted gene (due to degraded DNA end) gives rise to a white colony. Less than 1% white colonies were observed.